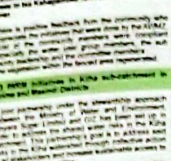
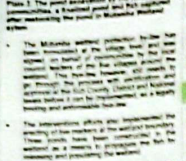


MINISTRY OF WATER AND ENVIRONMENT
Directorate of Water Resources Management
Albert Water Management Zone
Uganda Water and Environment Week 2018

"Water and Environment, catalyst for achieving Middle Income Status 2020"

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Limited collaboration and coordination of various stakeholders and activities that use or impact on water resources continues to be a hindrance to sustainable enjoyment of the economic and social benefits of water use. Implementation of IWRM is therefore still a challenge and the move to the lowest appropriate level is a step forward to address this challenge. The key element in the transformation and de-concentration of IWRM in Uganda is the establishment of Water Management Zones (WMZs) as the platform for catchment based water management and development planning.

In this regard the country has been divided into 4 Water Management Zones (WMZ) which are aligned along major hydrological basins namely: Upper Nile Water Management Zone with offices in Lira, Kyoga Water Management Zone with offices in Fort Portal and Victoria Water Management Zone with offices in Mbarara.

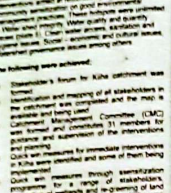


Figure 1: Major Catchments in the Albert Water Management Zone

The catchments therefore define the geographic limits of the water resources management. The Central Basin is a network which includes a sub-catchment within the Albert Water Management Zone (AWMZ) based on an administrative boundary. The CMF therefore is a sub-part of the sub-catchment with a full complement of physical and human resources of stakeholders. The AWMZ therefore has a full complement of physical and human resources of stakeholders. The CMF therefore has a full complement of physical and human resources of stakeholders. The AWMZ therefore has a full complement of physical and human resources of stakeholders.

The AWMZ is undertaking restoration of the degraded wetlands in the Mbarara sub-catchment. The firm under the direct supervision of the AWMZ has carried out restoration activities at the Samia Catchment in Karamoja's sub-county that is a sub-catchment of the Albert Water Management Zone. The firm under the direct supervision of the AWMZ has carried out restoration activities at the Samia Catchment in Karamoja's sub-county that is a sub-catchment of the Albert Water Management Zone.

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MINISTRY OF WATER AND ENVIRONMENT
DIRECTORATE OF WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT
UPPER NILE WATER MANAGEMENT ZONE

"Water and Environment, catalyst for achieving Middle Income Status 2020"

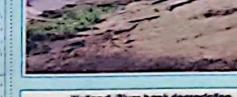
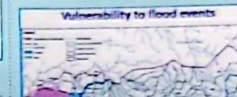
The Ministry of Water and Environment (MWE) is implementing a series of major water policy reforms through its Directorate of Water Resources Management (DWRM). The reforms include the adoption of the principles of Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM), a catchment based approach to water resources management and investment planning and a participatory approach.

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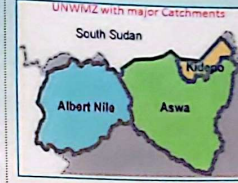
The Directorate of Water Resources Management (DWRM) has since July 2011 de-concentrated a number of the water resources management functions, formerly performed at the central level to the four WMZs. This de-concentration of functions aims at moving closer to where action is needed, and to mobilise local communities and other stakeholders to achieve catchment-based integrated water resources management.

The WMZ teams have continued to engage in raising awareness among the key stakeholders about the need to promote integrated planning, management and development of water resources following a catchment-based approach. In addition synergies with other de-concentrated water and environment structures (Technical Support Units, Water and Sanitation Development Facilities, Water for Production Regional Centres and Umbrella Organisations) as well as with a number of stakeholders such as other government ministries and agencies, Non Governmental Organisations, local governments and the private sector continues to be created.



Upper Nile Water Management Zone (UNWWMZ) therefore is one of the four Water Management Zones (WMZs) that were established by the Directorate of Water Resources Management (DWRM) in order to de-concentrate its Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) functions from the central level to the regional level. The Upper Nile Water Management Zone covers a total surface area of 50,000km2 with 3 major Catchments which are: Aswa catchment (a 27,000 km2), Albert Nile catchment (20,000 km2) and Kidepo catchment (3000 km2) respectively and comprises of 25 Districts.

Table with 2 columns: Districts within the Upper Nile Water Management Zone and Districts. Rows include Aswa catchment, Albert Nile Catchment, and Kidepo catchment.



UNWWMZ with major Catchments: South Sudan, Kidepo, Albert Nile.

Work done so far to address water resources related challenges:
- Upper Nile water resources development and management strategy and action plan prepared
- Catchment Management Plans for Aswa and Albert Nile catchments prepared
- Catchment Management Organizations have been created for Aswa (33 in No) and Albert Nile catchments (30 in No) and these are guiding implementation
- Established Sub-catchment management structures for Aswa I, Agago and Pager Matidi under Enhancing Resilience of Communities to Climate Change through Catchment based Management of Water and related resources in Uganda (EURECCA) project
- Prepared a source protection plan for River Enyia
- Implementation of the interventions identified in the plans has started with involvement of different partners (MUSAF, 3 World Bank, Adaptation Fund, Danida, Austria, EU/GIZ, IUGN etc)



F. Supporting ecosystem restoration through tree planting in Aswa catchment.